

## BARRE DAILY TIMES

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 THE BARRE DAILY TIMES, INC.  
 Frank E. Langley, Publisher

Co. C of Barre is calling you, boys.

Remember that the Liberty Loan bond subscription closes on Friday, June 15.

The cablegram says Russia applauds the Wilson message. Now what do the Russian people say?

President Wilson is right—the country does not want the “status quo ante”—it merely wants the ante.

Barre should furnish several regiments of subscribers to the U. S. government Liberty Loan bonds. Enlist now!

That spy in the ordinance bureau must go. All spies in the United States must go, or be placed where they can do no harm.

The made-in-St. Johnsbury slogan “Come across or the Germans will,” is directed straight to you. Now “come across” and buy Liberty Loan bonds. Right now!

The town of Groton has done very well to send 18 young men into war service. If all the towns of the state should furnish a proportionate quota the ranks of the Vermont National Guard would soon be overflowing.

It is the purpose of Germany to keep Russia in a foment as long as possible, so that Russia's military arms will be tied. If there are any wise heads in Russia they will see the purpose back of the present negotiations conducted between Berlin and Petrograd. Unfortunately, however, wise heads are not ruling Russia at the present time, and the German game is being played to the limit.

Derby Line has the distinction of being the first town in New England to double its allotment of bonds. Derby Line is so close to the Canadian border that it probably feels nearer to the war than most of the remainder of New England. It also may appreciate more thoroughly the benefits of government war bonds, both to the government and to the holder thereof. Whatever the cause, Derby Line steps to the head of the column.

A comparison of the state of Vermont's military census with the registration returns of June 5 would show how many slackers there are in Vermont; and the state's military department ought to inform the public in order to prove the charge that a large number of eligible men failed to register or that the charge is entirely unwarranted. Out of the state newspapers are commenting, to the discredit of the state, on the result of the registration, and those who would like to defend the state have nothing except theories on which to base their statements. What's the truth? Are we slackers?

Fair warning was given to all men between the ages of 21 and 30, both inclusive, that they must register in the national draft on June 5 or stand the consequences, said consequences being named and given widespread publicity. It is practically certain that a small percentage of the men in the United States of the eligible ages failed to do their duty, some of them through intention, others through misunderstanding. Now comes the reckoning. The slackers will have the opportunity to defend themselves in the courts. In effect, their trials will be trials whether we have real democracy or not—a democracy in which all stand as responsible members of the nation. We shall determine whether a relatively small number of men can enjoy all the benefits of living and earning in the United States and still not share the burdens of support of that government which protects them in time of peace.

There seems to be some confusion as to the allotment of bonds for each community to take. For instance, Brattleboro, which, by the way, is one of the richest communities in the state, is conducting its campaign on the basis of \$20 to each person of the town's population, while Barre is going about its work on the understanding that the government allots the bonds at the rate of \$34 for each one of the population. That seems to make Brattleboro's task extremely easy, in view of the relatively large unemployed wealth of the town, and, as a matter of fact, the quota under the smaller allotment per population has already been passed. Knowing Brattleboro's capacity, we should say that an allotment of bonds at the rate of \$34 for each person of the population would also be a comparatively slight task. Indeed, Brattleboro could absorb \$429,000 much more readily than could Barre, whose money is very largely in constant use. But Barre hopes to do it.

## THE VERMONT HOME GUARDS.

The proposed new Vermont regiment of Home Guards starts off auspiciously with the appointment of experienced military men as commander and as adjutant. Col. H. T. Johnson of Bradford, the man designated by Gov. Graham as the head of the regiment, was formerly in command of the Vermont National Guard regiment, while W. W. Russell of Montpelier, until recently of White Riv-

er Junction, was once adjutant in the National Guard of the state. With men of considerable military training and of fairly intimate knowledge of conditions in the state in charge of the work of raising the regiment there should be fairly rapid progress toward recruiting the regiment out of those not eligible to serve in the present 1st Vermont infantry. The need of such a regiment as soon as the 1st Vermont infantry shall have left the state for national service should cause men to volunteer in such numbers as to make selection of 600 men possible out of a much greater number of applicants. Let the men of the state take this matter home to themselves at once that they may be ready to respond to the call for service inside the state merely. It is asserted, too, by the Vermont committee of public safety that the Home Guard is not to be used in guarding bridges and public property, as the 1st Vermont infantry has been doing, but that it will be used as a state police in case of necessity. During the days of the Civil war there were occasions when the presence of state troops was much desired, and although the danger seems remote at the present time there is always a possibility that a similar need will develop during the period of the present war.

## CURRENT COMMENT

## The Bond-Ownin' Habit.

The French people are the most saving in the world. The old woolen stockings, hidden in a far corner of the bureau drawer, has become famous in European finance. It has gained its fame through periodic emergence and regurgitation for the purchase of government bonds. Not merely France, but Russia, Turkey, sundry Balkan governments, various states, provinces and cities all over the world have profited. The French have become a bond-buying, bond-owning people, and the periodic profits have reacted on the natural disposition to save, greatly intensifying it.

This is one of the great reasons of France's financial soundness and economic strength. After the war no country will rebound more rapidly into normal life and economic progress. Temperament, character, will have something to do with the revival, but thrift and the individual nest egg, which will often be larger at the end than at the beginning of the struggle, will have much to do in rebuilding prosperity.

Now, here we have an opportunity to take a valuable lesson from a friend. Why should not the United States become a bond-owning nation—not the banks nor the billionaires nor even the comfortables, but the plain people! The great \$2,000,000,000 government loan gives an opening to all. The bonds can be bought from \$10 up. If the people, the poor people, will only get the taste and the habit of investment, the war may prove a blessing in disguise even from the point of view of wealth, and its end may find a more evenly distributed welfare than the country has ever known before.—New York Evening Sun.

## The Slacker Hunt.

A large number of young men have left Vermont during the past year or two to work in munitions factories in southern New England, and it is probable that few of them took the trouble to be listed for the draft in their home towns, preferring to enter the registry in the places where they happen to be working. That may explain why Vermont's total of men between the ages of 21 and 30 both inclusive was somewhat lower than was anticipated. Almost any community in the state can count men who have gone away into the lucrative employment in munitions plants, and some of the larger towns and cities can perhaps name a hundred or more.—Barre Times.

As we understand it, the foregoing doesn't explain it all. According to Burlington's city clerk, the matter of the place of registration was not left to preference. Every young man had to be recorded in the state, county, ward and precinct where he was last registered as a legal voter. If he was a Vermonter who, although he had left the state to work in a munitions factory, is a registered voter in Vermont, he was required to send his registration blank to the voting precinct in which his last declared legal residence was located.

The fact of the matter more likely is that Vermont has contributed its share of the country's million slackers. The bureau of census could not have made such a mistake as to over-estimate the number available. Under the circumstances, the estimate was supposed to be highly conservative. It was based beforehand that not to live up to expectations would be a moral defeat for America and would be depressing in its influence. Without much question, a million was chopped off by those who made the estimate in order that America might exceed the figure and thus gain a moral victory.

One of the first jobs the country faces is to round up a million slackers. Now let us be on with the Slacker Hunt.—Burlington News.

## The Little Fellows.

In responding to Liberty loan appeal, the “small folk” are understood to have done very well in very many communities—in relation to their means and their lack of investment training, and especially in relation to proportion results among other classes much wealthier and more versed in securities—as well as often professing much more civic interest.

It has been, under all circumstances of our past neutrality and of our present war geography, a stiff task of both informing and arousing the great popular consciousness in so brief a period. There were issues, needs, duties and advantages all to be defined and impressed.

The people have yet to react adequately to the seriousness of our war burden, and to comprehend fully the gravity or even the reality of the issues. Too many as yet these seem to be abstract and their application remote. War developments may in time gradually cure this.

So, too, has it been with the common obligation to share in the subscription, and the need to make it a most emphatic expression of popular opinion. Too many evidently have as yet felt it was somebody else's job. Likewise as to full understanding of the attractiveness and real ease of a subscription that ought in itself to be accounted a privilege of patriotism.

There are no arguments against the

## Efficiency Spells Success

“Efficiency is the criterion of success.”—Frank Alvah Parsons.

There is no argument about what are the correct styles for young men—the facts are here.

The absolutely right styles, models, cuts and patterns—as laid down and built up by the rules of style—are waiting for you.

With correct clothing you also get a guarantee of satisfaction with every purchase or money back.

Shirts and neckwear—the kind worn by successful men in New York, on Fifth Avenue, Broadway, and on Wall Street.



With these truths in your mind, come here and look—there is no urging to buy—we leave that to your own good judgment.

Everything for men and boys' wear.

Prices—\$15.00 and up to \$27.50.

*Who's Your Tailor?*  
 REGISTERED U. S. PAT. OFF. 1908 BY ED. V. PRICE & CO.

F. H. Rogers &amp; Company

## Down With the High Cost of Living

Our bargains in Ladies' Oxfords are the talk of Barre. Just think, these Goodyear welt Oxfords at prices cheaper than you can buy an ordinary shoe. Button and lace, in dull calf, patent and tan.

Sizes mostly from 2 1-2 to 4, some larger; widths A to D.

\$3.50 grade now	\$2.50
\$3.00 grade now	\$2.25
\$2.50 grade now	\$1.95

Just think of these prices and buy your pair now.

## Rogers' Walk-Over Boot Shop

170 North Main Street

war loan. But there have been some misconceptions which have acted as deterrents. One has been apprehension at “tying up” savings for 15 or 30 years; and this needs but the driving home of the truth that American government bonds are the most salable thing in the world—plus their strong chance of a premium—as well as being the finest collateral.

Another deterrent has been the mental measurement, in a time of high living expense, of the principal amount. But the bank and corporate installment plan, when fully outlined and emphasized, takes care of this—especially when on the smallest bond it is made clear that on a year basis but 14 cents a day is called for; and that a \$10 bill in hand cuts this to 11 cents.

And a few small souls have been selfishly tempted to contrast the government's 3½ per cent. with the savings bank's four per cent. In such a case a sense of shame is not hard to stir when it is made clear that such individual is hiding from duty and privilege behind 25 cents a year, or one-half cent a week, as regards a \$50 bond; and that, further, this difference of one-half per cent. does not begin to cover difference in security strength, tax-exemption, rate conversion prospect, and the basic fact that the Liberty loan is an insurance for safety of all our banks.

Then there is the encouraging appeal to thrift, with the persuasion that of \$50 saved in 50 weeks, by far the greater

## How to Pack Clothes for Winter.

In the June Farm and Fireside, the national farm paper published at Springfield, Ohio, we read:

“Before putting away clothes and blankets, I do any needed mending on them, clean them thoroughly, and hang them in the sun for several hours in order to dislodge any moth eggs or larvae which may be on them. Cedar chests and moth balls are already present when the clothing is put away; these remedies are of no avail. I spray cracks and corners of the closet and box with gasoline in order to kill any larvae that may be hidden there, and I distribute a few camphor balls among the folds of the clothing.”

For woolen coats, dresses, and furs, I use ordinary pasteboard suit boxes made moth-tight by pasting strips of paper around the edges to seal them. I use cedar chips or strong sachets freely distributed among the folds.”

## Vermont Mutual Fire Insurance Company

of Montpelier, Vt.

Age, Eighty-Nine Years

Assets - - - \$9,660,000.00

Membership - - - 46,000

Policies written under Mutual or Paid-Up Plan at actual cost—no profit

If you are seeking Insurance, see our Local Agent.

McAllister &amp; Kent

Agents for Barre, Berlin and Orange

## Take Your Choice

If you don't buy a Liberty Bond now and help win this war, you may have to buy two or three, later on, to give the Kaiser.

## Don't Be a Slacker!

## Buy Your Liberty Bond TODAY

Go to any bank in Barre and subscribe.

Only four days left in which to secure these Bonds.

BARRE SAVINGS BANK &amp; TRUST CO.

QUARRY SAVINGS BANK &amp; TRUST CO.

GRANITE SAVINGS BANK &amp; TRUST CO.

THE PEOPLES NATIONAL BANK

## LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

## The Birth of the Stars and Stripes.

Editor of The Barre Daily Times: Once more we ask for a little space in your paper that we may remind the people of the city that June 14 is Flag day, the 140th anniversary of the birth of the Stars and Stripes.

In these days when so many flags are flying all over the land, it might seem unnecessary to speak of Flag day, but it is a duty as well as a privilege to remind the boys and girls that the 14th is Flag day.

We are taught that the Christian church has two duties to perform, one is to bring all men and women into the fold and then help them to make a life program, and so every man, woman, boy and girl when they are brought under the folds of the Stars and Stripes must be taught that it means something and that it should be our life work to unfold it.

The first display of the national flag of a military post was at Fort Schuyler, the site of Rome, N. Y. The garrison was without a flag. One was made by cutting up sheets for the white stripes, bits of scarlet cloth for the red stripes, and the blue ground was made from a cloak belonging to Captain Abraham Swartwout. This flag was unfurled over the fort Aug. 3, 1777.

The national flag was first unfurled in battle on the banks of the Brandywine Sept. 11, 1777.

The American flag should be constantly in sight in the home, streets, school and church. Let the American flag be placed with the Bible, one of the emblems of loyalty, the teaching of humanity and God's divine love for his children.

Wonderful progress has been made along the line of patriotic education. Patriotism knows no sex and its battles are won with woman's weapons as well as with the mighty armies of men. Every woman should have a copy of the constitution and study it. Its study would be no more tiresome than doing fancy work. We are teaching by word, song and story the meaning of the flag, and that for which it stands, the cost of liberty and the blessings that follow in its wake, loyalty to country and reverence for its defenders.

Day by day we are gaining ground and the symbol of our victory is shown by the fluttering flags that mark the schoolhouse and tell the story to every passing breeze.

Let us not halt in this bloodless battle until “Old Glory” floats over every schoolhouse and public building, and the salute to the colors is as universal as the morning exercises in school.

Enma A. LaPoint,  
 Press Correspondent, W. R. C.

## Notice!

All the motorcycle riders that are interested in the motorcycle trip Sunday, June 17th, please see Secretary F. H. Bartlett before Sunday, or be present at the motorcycle club meeting Friday night.

A. M. FLANDERS  
 207 North Main Street

## A. W. Badger &amp; Co.



## Ventilating Porch Shades

Keep the Hot Sun Out  
 Let the Cool Breeze IN

No porch need now be hot and uncomfortable. These new Ventilating Porch Shades reduce temperature 10 degrees on hottest days.

Real ventilation is the secret! Air is not retarded as with old style, heavy awnings and shades. Nothing so delightful and cool as the Aerolux porch.

## Beautiful—Durable—Artistic

Aerolux Ventilating Porch Shades are made of rustic Linwood. They last for years—defy weather—need no attention. When rolled up cords are out of sight. Patented “No-Whip” attachment prevents flapping in the wind.

Aerolux Ventilating Porch Shades will give you absolute comfort. Compared with service given they are the most economical you can buy.

We carry a complete line of Aerolux. Variety of beautiful permanent colors. Sizes to fit any porch opening. Come in today and see them or ask to have our representative call with samples.



## FIRST STEP TO A SUCCESSFUL CAREER

THE BANK ACCOUNT

You can scarcely establish yourself in a successful business career without first making a sound, safe banking connection.

This bank will welcome you, as it has welcomed many successful men who began their careers by opening accounts with us.

SAFETY, COURTESY AND PROMPTNESS  
 to each depositor alike is our motto

QUARRY SAVINGS BANK  
 BARRE, VT. & TRUST CO.

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